The Activities of some Fellows of De Vaux College,
Salisbury, at Oxford and elsewhere.

By KATHLEEN EDWARDS

DE VAUX COLLEGE, or, as it was originally called, the House of the Valley of Scholars of St. Nicholas of Salisbury, has aroused the interest of antiquaries and historians of Oxford University since the time of Anthony Wood in the seventeenth century. It was founded in 1262² by Giles of Bridport, Bishop of Salisbury, in a meadow by the cathedral church of Salisbury for two chaplains and twenty poor, needy and teachable scholars, serving God and Blessed Nicholas, and living there, studying and making progress in theology and the liberal arts. Their warden was to be a canon of Salisbury cathedral, chosen by the dean and chapter, who were to be perpetual patrons of the house. At this time Salisbury was practically a university city. In 1238 there was an important migration of masters and students from Oxford, some of whom went to Salisbury,² which seems to have been a centre of studies since the days of Bishop Richard Poore in the early thirteenth century.³ Rashdall has suggested that some of these students may have decided to remain in Salisbury after lectures were resumed in Oxford, and that the colony of 1238 may have been reinforced by the troubles of 1264, or by one of the many disturbances between North and South or Town and Gown which marked the years 1264-78 at Oxford.⁴ In 1279 an agreement was drawn up between the chancellor and subdean of Salisbury cathedral, defining their respective jurisdiction over the scholars;⁵ this suggests both that the chancellor’s jurisdiction over the scholars of the cathedral schools had been extended over the newcomers, and that Salisbury now had three main characteristics of a university city: there were a number of masters teaching in different faculties, and the scholars were liable to be involved in civil and personal disputes which were more than the disputes of schoolboys. Probably, therefore, it was for students in this nascent univer-

¹ The date of foundation is discussed in a forthcoming article on De Vaux College in V.C.H., Wilts., iii. The foundation charter has been printed in H. Hatcher and R. Benson, Hist. Salisbury, 1843, p. 734; Salisbury Charters and Documents (R.S.), pp. 334-6; Cartulary of St. Nicholas Hospital, Salisbury, ed. C. Wordsworth, 1902, pp. 38-40; Statutes of Salisbury Cathedral, ed. C. Wordsworth and D. Maclean, 1915, p. 94.
⁴ H. Rashdall, Universities of Europe in the Middle Ages (1936), iii, 88-9.
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sity of Salisbury that Bishop Giles founded his college. His plans seem to have been influenced by arrangements in some of the colleges already existing at Paris, but in several ways the constitution of De Vaux was also similar to that of the later medieval colleges of Oxford and Cambridge. Therefore it has often been claimed as the first university college in England, founded two years before Merton, the first Oxford college.

Of the later history of De Vaux little is known apart from its dissolution in 1542, and there has been much speculation. Anthony Wood, writing in 1661-6, seems to have been the first to declare that, in the later middle ages, the Valley scholars resorted constantly to Oxford, where they stayed in two halls in Schools Street called Salsbury, Salesbury or Salisbury Hall and Little St. Edmund Hall, and that they had the privilege, on the Chancellor of Salisbury’s recommendation, of proceeding to Oxford degrees. Leach, building on this, and on a statement of Canon Moberly that in 1325 the cathedral chapter ordered all the scholars to leave Salisbury and go to Oxford, declared that, in 1325, the embryo university of Salisbury having practically come to an end, the majority of scholars went to Oxford, where they lived in Salisbury Hall at the cost of the endowment of the college at Salisbury; the scholars who remained in Salisbury apparently spent a period of probation there, attending the cathedral grammar school before going on to Oxford. Thus he claimed that while the early history of De Vaux reversed that of Merton (the fellows of Merton also having a double home at Maldon in Surrey and at Merton College in Oxford), its later history formed an almost exact precedent for the two St. Mary Colleges of William of Wykeham at Winchester and at New College, Oxford. These conclusions seem to be based almost entirely on legends. The name Salsbury Hall has now been shown to be a corruption, not of Salisbury Hall, but of la Salle Desirée. One probable fellow of De Vaux, John of Harnham, was principal of Little St. Edmund Hall in 1428, but no other known principals or students of either hall seem to have been Valley Scholars. Again, no trace has been found at Oxford of the remarkable privilege of the chancellor of Salisbury cathedral of recommending Valley fellows to Oxford degrees without further examination: the licentia ubique docendi was one of the most highly valued privileges of the medieval university, and it

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6 See ‘De Vaux College’ in V.C.H. Wils., iii.  
11 Ibid.  
13 Cart. Osney Abbey (O.H.S., x), iii, 227.
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seems most unlikely that Oxford would have allowed the chancellor of Salisbury to promote students for it. Finally, Canon Moberly was mistaken in attributing to 1325 the chapter act ordering the scholars to leave Salisbury and go to Oxford. There is no trace of such an entry in the chapter registers in 1325, while it is clearly entered in the act book under the year 1525/6.¹⁴

It thus seems that the later history of De Vaux and its relations with Oxford University need to be re-examined. The notes which follow are an attempt to throw light on these problems from an aspect which has not previously been investigated, that is, the careers of individual fellows of the college. About 114 names of fellows and chaplains have been traced from the 280 years of the college's existence, mainly in lists of witnesses to deeds in a fifteenth-century cartulary of the college,¹⁵ in ordination lists of the bishops of Salisbury (which begin only in 1397), and in the act books of the dean and chapter of Salisbury. Four lived in the late thirteenth century, 38 in the fourteenth century, 48 in the fifteenth century, and 24 in the early sixteenth century. Many seem to have been rather obscure men, whose names rarely appear in the records of the royal chancery or exchequer, or in ecclesiastical records outside the diocese, but some biographical material has been collected for the careers, usually ecclesiastical and academic, of a fair proportion. The sources used have been chiefly the registers of the bishops and dean and chapter of Salisbury, printed registers of bishops of neighbouring dioceses, the printed Calendars of Papal Letters and Petitions relating to England, the Calendars of Close, Patent and Fine Rolls, the volumes of the Oxford Historical Society, and the unpublished registers of Congregation of Oxford University. In addition, I am deeply indebted to Mr. A. B. Emden, who has not only very kindly placed at my disposal information in his forthcoming Register of Oxford Scholars and Graduates before 1500, but has also given me most generous and helpful criticism and advice on many biographical problems. The evidence is obviously too incomplete to form a basis for a full history of the college. Such general conclusions as may be drawn from the ecclesiastical careers of the fellows, and their activities in accumulating land for their college will be discussed in my forthcoming article on De Vaux in the Victoria County History, Wiltshire. In the meantime, it may be of interest to point out a few ways in which their academic careers throw light on the particular problems of the fellows' studies and of the relations of their college with Oxford University in the later middle ages.

First, at least 64 of the 114 fellows and chaplains obtained university degrees. Of the remaining 50, enough is known of the careers of a few, such as William Glym, king's clerk, and Roger Fouk, resident fellow, to be fairly certain

¹⁴ Harward's Memorials (Muniments D. & C. Salisbury), f. 97.
¹⁵ B.M., Additional MS. 28870.
that they never took degrees. But some may have gone to a university for a short time without taking a degree, while others, who occur only once or twice in the records without the title Magister, may well have obtained degrees later in their careers. The faculties in which the magistri graduated are not generally known until the late fourteenth century, when they begin to be specified in the ordination lists. In the later middle ages about 19 or 20 are thought to have proceeded to higher degrees after graduating in arts. Only two of these, William Mortimer, D.D., in 1530, and William Kyngman, B.D., in 1534, were theologians. Two more, John de Tichemersh and William of Bath, were probably doctors of medicine. The remaining 16, most of whom graduated in the fifteenth or early sixteenth centuries, were lawyers, 2 or 3 being bachelors of both civil and canon law, 2 bachelors of canon law only, 11 or 12 bachelors of civil law. One of the most interesting results of these figures is to show the far greater proportion of lawyers, particularly civilians, to theologians in a college founded originally for artists and theologians. The same growing popularity of the more lucrative study of civil law over theology is found in Oxford colleges and halls at the same period; but the dean and chapter of Salisbury in the late fifteenth century were clearly uncomfortable about it at De Vaux. In 1473, when they admitted William Ashley to a fellowship, they specifically ordered that after he had studied grammar and dialectic and obtained a degree of M.A. if possible, he was to proceed to the study of theology and on no account to civil law. Clearly, after the thirteenth century, fellows who obtained degrees must have attended a university at a distance from Salisbury. The financial arrangements made by the college to meet these conditions are described in a papal dispensation to John Bate, B.Can.L., fellow of De Vaux in 1453, when they had probably long been in force. There were then apparently three groups of fellows: first those absent from Salisbury while studying at a university, who were given twenty gold florins a year to pay for their food and clothing; secondly those in residence at the college in Salisbury, who had six gold florins with their food; lastly those resident neither at the college nor at a university, who had six gold florins without food or clothing. It is, however, difficult

16 In addition John Goold, M.A., was a scholar of theology on his death at Magdalen College in 1474.
17 These were John Dalling, Thomas Hill, John Harham, John Bate, Robert Toriton, John Corfe, Richard Denby, Nicholas Godfrey, John Hakehead, William Harding, John Harham, Simon Houchyns, John Marchall, John Newman, John Newman, John Parke, Henry Petipace. For the evidence, see below, under their names.
19 P.R.O. Exch. T.R. Misc. Bk., E.36/195, f. clxx. Neither the dispensation nor the petition on which it was based have been traced in the printed Calendars of Papal Letters relating to England or in the Vatican Archives, where Dr. H. Kühn Steinhausen has kindly searched for me the Registers of Supplications, vols. 465-70.
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to discover the universities which the fellows attended. Some modification
of the view that all the fellows went as a matter of course to Oxford is probably
necessary now that it is known that there was no Salisbury Hall at Oxford to
receive them, and that the dean and chapter did not order all the fellows to go
there in 1325. One student of the early fifteenth century who was elected
steward of the college against his will and so forced to remain in Salisbury for
a year, stated in a letter to his patron that he had only recently returned from
his studies ad partes cismarinus, and that his fellow scholars had elected him in
spite, suspecting that he would soon want to be off again.\(^{20}\) He thanked his
patron in effusive language for the help which had enabled him to study in
spite of the poverty of his fellowship. Probably he had been studying overseas,
where his fellowship of twenty gold florins would certainly not have paid for the
expenses of travel and maintenance. Normally, however, for fellows without
benefices or rich patrons, Oxford would seem to have been the obvious choice,
since the journey to it of only about forty miles was far less expensive than that
to any other university. There was apparently no compulsion on them to
choose Oxford, but the phrase normally used in the records of fellows studying
at a distance from Salisbury is that they were Oxonia et alibi ubi viget studium
generale. Thus eight scholars who appeared at a visitation of the college in
1454 said that their fellows living in the studium of the University of Oxford
and elsewhere were unable to attend because the notice given had been too short;\(^{21}\)
and in 1526, when the dean and chapter ordered the scholars to leave Salisbury,
they told them to go to Oxford or to any other university.\(^{22}\) Two documents
mention Oxford only. In 1400 Thomas de Boiton, bowyer and citizen of
Salisbury, left a quarter of the residue of his estate to poor scholars of the
college, Oxonia scolatizantibus;\(^{23}\) while between 1538 and 1542 John Leland,
visiting the college on the eve of the dissolution, wrote, 'Part of these scholars
remaine yn the college at Saresbyrie ... the residew study at Oxford.'\(^{24}\)
Moreover, Oxford is the only university in whose archives it has been possible
to trace a few of the academic careers of the fellows. One probable fellow of
De Vaux, Master John Harnham, B.C.L., has been claimed as a graduate of
Cambridge, and may possibly have been so, though he was almost certainly
at Oxford as well.\(^{25}\)

The most fruitful source for tracing the careers of Valley scholars at Oxford

\(^{20}\) This letter is included in an academic Treatise on Letter Writing at the John Rylands Library, Manchester (Rylands MS. 394, f. 42). The most interesting part has been printed by Mr. W. A. Pantin in Bull. Jn. Rylands Library, xiii (1929), 338.


\(^{22}\) Harward's Memorials (D. & C. Sar.), f. 97. \(^{23}\) Add. MS. 28870, f. 186a.

\(^{24}\) Itinerary of John Leland, ed. Lucy T. Smith, iii, 267-8.

\(^{25}\) See below, s.v. Harnham, John.
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has been the Registers of Congregation, in which are entered the graces which had to be granted before students could proceed to any degree. Unfortunately these registers are extant for only 51 years of De Vaux's history: from 1449-63 and from 1505 to the dissolution in 1542, and for these years they are probably incomplete. However, the names of 10 students who were certainly or probably Valley scholars from Salisbury have been traced in them, with 4 more who may possibly have been at De Vaux. None of these is described as a scholar of De Vaux or Salisbury in the registers. They supplicated for their graces in the normal way as Oxford scholars, asking for example that 3 or 4 years' study in the faculty of arts at Oxford, with attendance at ordinary lectures and one or two responsions pro forma, might suffice for their admission to lecture on a book of the faculty. Most have been found as students in the faculty of arts. Only two, Robert Cliffe, M.A. in 1455, and Thomas Galeys in 1458 and 1462, appear in the first register of 1449-63. Next, a group of 4, John Chapman, William Mortimer, Thomas Newman and Thomas Roche, supplicated for graces to determine as B.A.s in 1511/12, and three or possibly six more later between 1513 and 1544; while 6 of these and 2 others proceeded to the degree of M.A. after a further 2 to 4 years' study. Only one very doubtful fellow, a John Thompson in 1539, has been found in the list of admissions to B.C.L.; and two, William Kyngman and William Mortimer, who were almost certainly of De Vaux, in the graces for admission to B.D. and D.D. The long list of graces and dispensations to William Mortimer, the only probable fellow of De Vaux known to have proceeded as far as D.D., are of particular interest. From them his career at Oxford can be traced from 1511, when he was admitted B.A., until his election as Lady Margaret Reader in Divinity in 1530. From about 1522 onwards he was clearly not relying solely on a fellowship at De Vaux to support him in his studies, if indeed he had not already resigned it for more lucrative employment. From this time onwards a large number of graces allowed him to postpone particular academic exercises because he had to attend his master and fellow student, Richard Mawdley, archdeacon of Leicester, on business of his archdeaconry, or because of his duties as chaplain of the Bishop of Lincoln.

Other graduates among the Valley fellows have been traced in other records at Oxford, bringing the total up to about 20 who were probably there, with another 6 who were possibly there. The first two, William de Baa or Bath, who rented a solar in Schools Street in 1324, and John de Tichemersh,
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M.A. and Dr. of Medicine of Lincoln diocese, who was included in a roll of Oxford University for papal graces in 1335, may push back the date at which scholars from De Vaux are known to have gone to Oxford to the first half of the fourteenth century. The rest of the evidence comes chiefly from the late fourteenth and from the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries, when the records are fuller. During this period 6 or 7 probable fellows have been found living in 6 or 7 different Oxford halls, four of them as principals. In 1419-20 De Vaux provided a senior proctor to the University in the person of Richard Hethe. There were also John Marchaunt, M.A., who rented a geometry classroom in 1453-4, and John Goolde, a fellow of De Vaux in 1465, who acted as arbitrator in a case before the Chancellor’s Commissary at Oxford in 1469.

By 1472 he was resident in Magdalen College, where he died and was buried after completing transcripts of Bruni’s Latin translations of the Ethics and Politics of Aristotle. One and possibly two more Valley fellows were also fellows of Exeter College, Oxford. John de Sevenash, M.A., fellow of Exeter College in 1324, rector in 1325-6, and master of the grammar school in the city of Exeter in 1329, may possibly have retired to De Vaux, where a John de Sevenash appears between 1333 and 1345 as a senior fellow who was active as a co-feoffee in acquiring and leasing property for the college. John Fessard, who was probably a young fellow of De Vaux at the dissolution in 1542, since his pension was only 2 li. 13s. 4d. a year, obtained a fellowship of the Salisbury foundation at Exeter College in 1543-4 where he proceeded to take his B.A. degree in 1544 and his M.A., in 1554.

Thus fellows of De Vaux appear as members of Oxford University probably from the third or fourth decades of the fourteenth century, and evidence for their activities there becomes fuller as the surviving records increase in number in the last centuries of the middle ages. These activities and the relation of their college with the University were evidently less remarkable than is suggested in the pages of Anthony Wood. Nevertheless, the way in which De Vaux adapted itself to the changed academic conditions of the fourteenth and fifteenth centuries is extremely interesting. By the first quarter of the fourteenth century it was clear that Salisbury was not to develop permanently into a university city, yet the college remained there in the position, apparently unique in medieval England, of a university college more than forty miles from the nearest university. The careers of some fellows show that modifications of the founder’s plans were made. Not all the fellows studied, at any rate for the whole period during which they held their fellowships. A few fellowships were apparently used as prebends or corrodies rather than as university scholarships,

28 Below, s.v. Wynbold, Nicholas; Clerk, John; Harnham, John; Hakehead, John; Denby, Richard; Newman, John; ? Bate, John.
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and some of the older fellows seem to have settled down to live at the college.29 Yet the founder's intentions were never really abandoned. At all periods undergraduate fellows were admitted according to the foundation charter, and a fair proportion took university degrees, most of them probably at Oxford, though without special privileges. Though few seem to have been outstanding men, either academically or in the church, the later careers of many suggest that they were competent and did useful work in their own and neighbouring dioceses, usually as parish priests or ecclesiastical lawyers.29 In this way the college fulfilled the main function of a medieval university college in helping to provide a more learned clergy for the church, particularly in its own diocese.

Two problems remain, which are possibly related: the apparent change of policy of the cathedral chapter in 1526, when, on the death of the warden, Thomas Martin, it was ordered that all the scholars should go to Oxford or some other university, and that none should remain in Salisbury except the two chaplains, two stewards, the cook and the butler, on pain of losing their commons30; and the dissolution of the college in 1542. The suddenness of the change of policy in 1526 must not be exaggerated. A number of fellows were already in Oxford, and the chapter may merely have wished to regulate and make uniform an existing practice. On the other hand, the decision may also have been in part an unsuccessful attempt to avert the dissolution, which some canons may have feared was approaching. There would seem to have been no very obvious reason for the dissolution, either in the wealth of the college, which was negligible, or, so far as surviving records tell us, in scandalous living. But the college was almost as much a chantry as an educational institution, and fears were being expressed even at Oxford that the ecclesiastical character of some colleges might lead to their downfall. Moreover, in the case of De Vaux, critics might be expected to urge that sixteenth-century Salisbury was not the best place for university masters and students to have their permanent home; and members of the chapter may well have agreed that all the fellows could study with more profit at a university. Yet the chapter, by allowing only the two chaplains and two stewards to remain at the college, may in fact have emphasized the chantry character of the foundation in Salisbury, and so have contributed to the dissolution.

LIST OF KNOWN MEMBERS OF DE VAUX COLLEGE

In the following list the names of fellows or scholars, chaplains, and stewards or proctors of De Vaux have been arranged in alphabetical order. Probably most of them were fellows. The terms 'fellow' and 'scholar' were used interchangeably

29 The evidence for these conclusions, which is contained in the following notes, will be discussed more fully in V.C.H. Wilts., ii.
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in the records; there is no evidence for scholars at the college who were not fellows. The two resident chaplains may sometimes have been chosen from the senior fellows, e.g. Thomas Bat, who appears as a scholar in 1380, and was one of the priests celebrating in the college chapel in 1381; and the proctor or steward (again the names were used interchangeably) was a fellow elected by his fellow-scholars to administer the property and collect the rents of the college. A few names of clerks who cannot definitely be claimed as fellows have been placed in square brackets, e.g. those who were ordained to the title of De Vaux without being described as fellows. They were quite possibly fellows, since others, e.g. John Parke, Richard Soper, ordained in the same way, have appeared later with the description 'fellow' or 'scholar'.

The following abbreviations have been used.

A. Acre, Acres.
Accl. Acolyte.
Add. MS. British Museum, Additional Manuscript.
Adm. Admitted, Admission.
App. Appointed.
Archd. Archdeacon.
C.C.R. Calendar of Close Rolls.
C.F.R. Calendar of Fine Rolls.
C.P.L. Calendar of Papal Letters.
C.P.P. Calendar of Papal Pétitions.
C.P.R. Calendar of Patent Rolls.
Chapl. Chaplain.
Coll. Collated.
D. & C. Dean and Chapter.
Deac. Deacon.
Det. Determined, Determination.
Dioc. Diocese.
Disp. Dispensed, Dispensation.

ASHLEY (ASHELEY), WILLIAM, son of Edmund Ashley, armiger, of parish of St. Giles, Wimborne, Dors., poor scholar, adm. fellow of De Vaux 29 Jan. 1473. Order by Sar. chapter that he should study first grammar, then dialectic, and obtain the degree of master if possible, finally theology, and on no account civil law (D. & C. Sar., Reg. Machon, f. 104).


AVEBURY (AUBURY, AUEBURY), M. STEPHEN, clk., with M. John Hemingby (q.v.) acquired 2 tenements, in Minster St. and St. Ann St., Sar., 26 June 1342 (Add. MS. 28870, ff 146b, 211a); clk. and scholar of De Vaux, witnessed leases of college

BARETT, Robert, of Sar. dioc., fellow of De Vaux, ord. deac. 21 Dec. 1471 to title of college, priest 22 Feb. 1472 (Reg. Beauchamp, Sar., i, Ord., f. 204a); M., legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of breviary of college, priest in De Vaux, assessed for poll tax at 4d., '38, legacy to, of brev...
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Bradeley (Bradelegh, Bradeleye, Bradelygh), Walter, scholar of De Vaux, acquired land in Britford with 4 other scholars, co-feoffees, 28 June 1380 (Add. MS. 28870, ff. 761-77a); proctor of warden and scholars at Abp. Courtenay’s visitation of college, 15 July 1390 (C.P.L., 1396-1404, p. 306); with co-feoffees, acquired 2 tenements in New St. and St. Ann St., Sar., 6 Mar. 1392, which he granted to warden and scholars of De Vaux, with licence from King and Bishop, 18 Sept. 1392 (Add. MS. 28870, ff. 148b-150b; cf. C.P.R., 1391-6, pp. 50-1). A Walter Bradeleye held share in yearly rent from manor of Barford St. Martin, Wilts., 23 Aug. 1389 (C.C.R., 1389-92, p. 15).

Braybroke (Braybrok, Wraybroke), M. John de, acquired tenement in Minster St., Sar., paying rent to De Vaux College, 3 Oct. 1324 (Add. MS. 28870, ff. 190b-200a); proctor of warden and scholars of De Vaux, arranged leases of college property in Sar., 26 June 1343 and 24 June 1344 (ibid., ff. 187-8); represented warden and scholars at composition with r. Wasing, Berks., 20 Sept. 1348 (ibid., ff. 6-7).


Burton (Bortone), M. Roger de, scholar of De Vaux, place in college vac. by his death, 23 July 1296 (Char. Sar., p. 368).

Bushe (Busshe), Edward, chapl. of De Vaux, pension of 4 li. a year and reward of 20s. at dissolution, 2 Aug. 1542 and 5 Feb. 1543 (L. & P. Hen. VIII, xvii 327; xviii, i, 548; P.R.O., Augmentation Bk. 235, f. 104 b).

Chapman (Chepman), John, scholar of arts at Oxf., sup. that 4 years’ study might suffice for grace for him to det. as B.A. next Lent, and to respond twice pro forma;31 granted 21 June 1511; det. Lent 1512 (O.U. Reg. G., ff. 126b, 142); B.A., of Sar. dioc., and perpetual fellow of De Vaux, ord. subdeac. 15 Feb. 1516 (Reg. Audley, Sar., Ord., f. 30b); summoned before cathedral chapter because he had not obeyed order to go to univ., but had received his commons at the college in Sar.; declared contumacious; to be deprived of his commons until he should go to a univ., 27 Apr. 1526 (D. & C. Sar., Harward’s Memorials, f. 97).

Chaundeler, Richard, fellow of De Vaux, to be present at inquest about tithes of Chitterne in church of All Saints, Chitterne, 2 Mar. 1377 (Add. MS. 28870, f. 55a).


31 Et quod his etret pro forma. Mr. Strickland Gibson kindly tells me that pro forma probably derives from pro forma respondat.
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COKERELL, EDMUND, conscholaris of De Vaux, attorney of warden and scholars to receive seisin of tenements in Sar., 19 Sept. 1392 (Add. MS. 28870, ff. 149b-50a).


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spirituals of Bp. Sar., app. 24 Nov. 1375 (Reg. Erghum, pt. ii, pt. iii, i). Granted wardship of lands in Dors., 28 Oct. 1362, and marriage of heir, 4 Nov. 1364 (C.F.R., 1356-68, p. 233; C.P.R., 1364-7, pp. 35-6; cf. ibid., 1367-70, p. 90); granted guardianship of temporalities of bpric. Wint. in vacancy, 8 Oct. 1366 (C.F.R., 1356-68, pp. 339-40); pardon for acquiring lands held in chief in Hants. and Som. without licence and granting them to others, 15 May and 30 Oct. 1367 (C.P.R., 1364-7, p. 369; 1367-70, p. 17); executor of William Edington, late Bp. of Wint., 6 June 1374 (ibid., 1370-4, p. 439); lic. to alienate in mortmain to abbot and convent of Milton Abbas, Dors., lands in Dors. held by him and co-feoffees, 8 June 1366 and 7 Nov. 1373 (C.P.R., 1364-7, p. 254; 1370-74, p. 359); pardon for acquiring moiety of manor of Frome Belet, held in chief, without king's li., 28 Nov. 1373 (ibid., pp. 369-70); held manor in Tisbury, Wilts., at farm as executor of Richard de Kyrkeby, r. Berwick St. John, Wilts. 24 Apr. 1369 (C. Ing. p.m., xii, 380); executor of John Bleobury, r. Witney, Oxon., 25 Apr. 1374 (C.P.R., 1370-74, p. 437); pardon, for fine, for acquiring from John Bleobury lands in Fernham, Berks., held in chief, without lic. 28 July 1372 (ibid., p. 439); recognisances for debts owed to him, 20 Oct. 1369, 21 Feb. 1375 (C.C.R., 1369-74, p. 114; 1374-77, p. 201); demise of manor in Foxfield, Wilts., to him and co-feoffees, 15 Nov. 1377 (ibid., 1377-81, p. 108). At John Cosyn alias Corf, adm. r. Eversleigh, Wilts., 1361, vac. 1363 (Wilts. Inst., pp. 54-57).

Corsham (Cosham), M. John, clk. of De Vaux, witnessed lease of college property in Sar., 24 Aug. 1346 (Add. MS. 26870, f. 166b); granted seisin with co-feoffees of lands and rents in West Harnham, 19 Apr. 1347 (ibid., f. 113a); with co-feoffees acquired land in Britford, 9 Mar. 1352 (ibid., f. 76b). Royal commissary to survey chapel of Wimborne Minster, Dors., 16 July 1349 (C.P.R., 1348-50, p. 386); confirmation of lease to him of manor of Winterbourne Dantsy, Wilts., by prior of Avebury, 18 Oct. 1453, notwithstanding that the grant was made to him after the priory and its possessions came into the king's hands on account of the war with France (ibid., 1354-8, pp. 4-5); indult to choose confessor, 22 Dec. 1354 (C.P.L., 1342-62, p. 529).


Curtynpton, M. Philip, coll. subdeac. of Wilton nunnery on condition of renouncing his place in De Vaux Hall, 15 Apr. 1311 (Reg. S. de Gandavo, C. & Y. Soc., pp. 757-8); witness to episcopal act, 15 Apr. 1311 (ibid., p. 764).

Dale, Hugh, chapl. of De Vaux, pension of 4 li. p.a. and reward of 20s. at dissolution, 2 Aug. 1542 and 5 Feb. 1543 (L. & P. Hen. VIII, xvii, 327; xviii, i, 548; P.R.O., Augmentation Bk. 235, f. 104a).


[Denby, M. Richard, B.C.L., of Sar. dioc., ord. subdeac. 4 Apr., deac. 18 Apr. 1495 to title of De Vaux (Reg. Blythe, Sar., f. 105a); ord. priest (letters dimissory) 19 Sept., 1495 (Reg. Langton, Wint., f. 26b). At Beef Hall, Oxf., his goods seques-


EDWARD, NICHOLAS, proctor of De Vaux, represented college in dispute over fruits of lands in Roundway, Wilts., 12 Aug. 1441, and drew up statement of boundaries of college lands in Roundway, 1440-1 (Add. MS. 28870, f. 138); priest, with co-feoffees, acquired property in Britford, 15 June 1431 and 25 July 1440, and in East Hartham, 20 Apr. 1433 and 30 Sept. 1438, all of which he granted to 5 clks., 3 of them certainly scholars of De Vaux, 20 June 1443 (ibid., ff. 87b-88b, 94, 98b-99); a benefactor of De Vaux, 2s. distributed annually at college on his obit. day, 1535 (Valor Eccl., ii, 90).

ENFIELD (ENEFELD), M. EDMUND, scholar and proctor of De Vaux, arranged lease of college property in Sar., 29 Sept. 1386 (Add. MS. 28870, ff. 190-2); attorney of co-feoffees to give seisin of property in Sar. for use of warden and scholars, 6 Mar. and 14 Sept. 1392 (ibid., f. 149); chapl., with co-feoffees, acquired property in Sar., 29 Sept. 1395, part of which he leased to 2 other chapls., 11 Mar. 1397 (ibid., ff. 206-7); witnessed lease of college property in Sar., 28 Sept. 1397 (ibid., f. 189).

ERNLEY (ERNELY), ... steward and scholar of De Vaux, appeared before cathedral chapter, 3 Mar. and 27 Apr. 1526, to receive order that all the scholars except the 2 stewards and 2 chapls. must leave the college at Sar. and go to Oxf. or another univ. (D. & C. Sar., Harward's Memorials, ff. 97-98). A William Ernley (Erne, Erneley), adm. to lecture on bk. of faculty of arts at Oxf., 25 June 1510; det. 1511; B.A. and secular chapl., sup. that 6 years' study in arts and 5 years' in civil and canon law within and outside Univ., might suffice for grace for admission to give extraordinary lectures on bk. of Decretals; granted, on condition that he paid one noble to Univ. and lectured twice for a doctor, 20 Feb. 1519 (O.U. Reg. G., f. 91b; Reg. H., f. 12b; Reg. Univ. Oxon., O.H.S., i, 71). He was probably the same as William Ernely from Cannings, Wilts., who was a fellow of New College, Oxf., 28 Apr. 1506-13 (ibid.). Another William Ernley from Fosbury, Wilts., was fellow of New College, 1 June, 1508-10 (ibid.). A William Ernley, chapl., adm. v. Laververstock, Wilts., 23 Dec. 1514; adm. r. East Yatesbury, Wilts., on death of M. William Ernley, 8 Apr. 1522, died by 28 Aug. 1537 (Reg. Audley, Sar., f. 66a, 90b; Wilts. Inst., pp. 196, 206).
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FESSARD (Fesard, Fessarde, Fezard, Fezarde), John, fellow of De Vaux, pension of 2 li. 19s. 4d. p.a. and reward of 20s. at dissolution, 2 Aug. 1542 and 5 Feb. 1543 (L. & P. Hen. VIII, xvii, 327; xviii, 1, 548; P.R.O., Augmentation Bk. 235, f. 106a); pension still payable, 24 Feb. 1556 (Cardinal Pole's Cert. of Pensions, P.R.O., E. 164/3, f. xxviii). Elected fellow of Exeter College, Oxif., Sar. foundation, 11 Dec. 1543, adm. 12 Jan. 1543/4 (Reg. Coll. Exon., O.H.S., p. 64): sup. after 3 years' study in arts for grace on bk. of arts course at Oxif.; granted, on condition that he det. and responded that year, and opposed in second year after B.A., 10 Dec. 1543; adm. 17 Jan. 1544; disp. to det. ad placitum that Lent so long as he brought sufficient bachelors to take oath for his honesty and learning before proctor, Feb. 1544; det. Lent 1544 (O.U. Reg., i, ff. 89b, 95a, 95b); his fellowship vac. 1544 by being absent more than 5 months; resident again in Exeter College, 1551; ? iis. ivd. M. Pawe pro M. Fezarde debitis illi cum esset socius', summer, 1553 (Reg. Coll. Exon., p. 64); B.A., sup. that 4 years' study might suffice for his admission to incep as M.A., granted 5 Apr. 1554; adm. 19 July 1554; inc. 16 July 1554 (O.U. Reg., i ff. 141b, 199, 146b). B.A., acol. of Sar. dioc., ord. subdeac. 2 Dec. 1544, deac. 28 Feb. 1545, priest 20 Mar. 1545 (Reg. Capon, Sar., ff. 82a-b); chantry priest of Berkley and Hannley chantry in Mere church, Wilts., 1543; pension of 5 li. p.a. from dissolution of, still payable in 1556 (Foster, Alumni Oxon., iii, 494; Wilts. Arch. Mag., ix, 156-8; P.R.O., E 164/31, f. xxvii); adm. v. Tisbury, Wilts., 26 Mar. 1544, vac. by 1566 (Reg. Capon, Sar., f. 18a; Wilts. Inst., pp. 210, 223); lic. for non-residence for 1 year from 1 Apr. 1548 (C.P.R., 1547-8, p. 309); adm. r. Donhead St. Mary, Wilts., 1555, patron Edward Fezarde, yeoman; deprived 24 Nov. 1565 (Wilts. Inst., pp. 218, 222; Reg. Jewel, Sar., f. 16a); r. Holy Trinity, Shaftesbury, Doris., 1556; v. Gt. Fontmell, Doris., 1559 (Reg. Coll. Exon., O.H.S., p. 64; Foster, Alumni Oxon., iii, 494); app. by Queen Mary to preach throughout dioc. Sar. during vac. of see, 30 May 1558 (Cal. S.P. Dom., 1547-80, p. 103).

FILZ PIERS DE WIFOLD, NICHOLAS LE, proctor of De Vaux, arranged lease of college lands in Berks., 2 May 1535 (Add. MS. 28870, f. 23).

FOUK (Fouke, Fowke, Fulke, Fuke), Roger, scholar of De Vaux, nominated by scholars to be acting warden during vac. of wardenship, 18 Aug. 1296 (Chart. Sar., p. 368); warden's attorney to take seisin of property in West Harnham in name of scholars, 10 Oct. 1302 (Add. MS. 28870, f. 131a); sealed agreement, in name of scholars, granting corrodary in college to John de Opere de Wotton (ibid., f. 87); provision that Roger Moton, corrodarian, should sit at second table in hall on right hand of Roger Fouk, and after Roger Fouk's death should succeed to his place at table, 14 Apr. 1317 (ibid., f. 153a). Acquired annual rent from tenement in Minster St., Sar., 6 Dec. 1294, and land in Britford, 1311-17, which he alienated in mortmain to De Vaux, with licences from king and lords of Sar, and Britford, to provide payments for obits., 6 Mar. and 30 June 1325 (ibid., ff 64b-65a, 69-72b, 77, 88b-89a, 160b-62; C.P.R., 1317-21, p. 491; 1324-7, p. 3; Reg. Mortival, Sar., ii, 149a). Acquired annual rent from tenement in Broun St. Sar., n.d. (Add. MS. 28870, ff. 181b-182a). Benefactor of De Vaux, 7s. 4d. distributed annually at college on his obit day, 1535 (Valor Eccl., ii, 90).


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lecturing on 2nd and 3rd books of De Anima and De Memoria et Reminiscencia, one responsion in Schools St., one at Austins, two replications, and sufficient attendance at ordinary lectures for a complete year might suffice for his admission to incept as M.A.; granted, 30 Oct. 1458. B.A., sup. for grace that, should he incept, he need not be bound to regency except for 12 days in each term; granted on 4 conditions: that he paid 4 nobles to Univ.; that there were sufficient masters for the ordinary lectures that year; that the 12 days should not be dispensed with by another grace; that he should take part in cursory disputations, 8 Mar. 1461/2 (O.U. Reg. Aa, ff. 113, 121).

Gerber (Gerber, Gorbar), Thomas, fellow of De Vaux at dissolution and long before, pension of 4 li. p.a. and reward of 20s., 2 Aug. 1542 and 5 Feb. 1543 (L. & P. Hen. VIII, xvii, 327; xviii, 1, 548; P.R.O., E. 403/2447, f. 119a; Augmentation Bk. 293, f. 105a); pension still payable, 24 Feb. 1556 (P.R.O., Cardinal Pole's Cert. of Pensions, E. 164/31, f. xxviii).

Glym (Glyme), William, scholar of De Vaux, with co-feoffees, acquired land at Britford, 28 June 1380 (Add. MS. 28870, ff. 76b-77a); clk. in De Vaux College, assessed for poll tax at 12d., 1381 (P.R.O., E. 179/277/8); scholar and proctor of De Vaux, arranged lease of college property in Sar., 23 Feb. 1382 (Add. MS. 28870 ff. 174-5); described as warden of De Vaux in royal writ ordering college property in Roundway, Bishop Cannings, to be restored to him, 26 June 1382 (ibid., f. 133a); acquired manor of West and East Harnham, 10 July 1387, and granted it to warden of De Vaux and 3 co-feoffees, 10 Mar. 1404 (ibid., ff. 109, 110b-21b; C.C.R., 1389-92, pp. 92, 97; 1402-5, p. 371). Royal grants to, of wardship of lands in Dors., 18 July, 1384 (C.C.R., 1383-91, pp. 56-7); of keeping of watermill in suburb of Wallingford, Berks., 8 Oct. 1385 (ibid., f. 102); of wardship of lands in Som., 18 Nov. 1386 (ibid., p. 155); of keeping of lands, rents and fisheries in Repton and Ticknall, Derby, 7 May 1387 (ibid., p. 180); commission to enquire about tackle removed from ship, 17 Jan. 1387 (C.C.R., 1385-9, p. 316); king’s clk., grant of wardship of lands with marriage of heir, 14 Oct. 1387 (C.C.R., 1383-91, p. 207; cf. C.C.R., 1385-9, p. 621); app. receiver in North Wales with powers of chamberlain, 29 July 1389; entered office 21 Aug.-13 Oct. 1390 (C.C.R. 1389-92, p. 200; Tout, Chapters in Adm. Hist., vi, 63); grant of mining king’s lead in Flints. and North Wales for 3 years for 40 li. p.a., 1 Mar. 1390; gave up commission because there was no profit, 2 Dec. 1391 (C.C.R., 1389-91, p. 315; C.C.R., 1390-92, p. 523); protection, with clause volumus, while staying on king’s service in his company upon safe keeping of Ireland, 4 May 1399 (C.C.R., 1390-99, p. 569); protection with clause volumus for 1 year while staying on king’s service in company of king’s son on safe keeping of Ireland, 9 May 1407 (ibid., 1405-8, p. 327); commission, as mayor of Newcastle, to measure and mark portage of all keles in port of Newcastle-on-Tyne, and to seize and sell for the king those by which coals are carried, 14 Sept. 1421 (ibid., 1416-22, p. 394). R. Croston, Lancs, pres. by king, 30 Apr. 1387 (ibid., 1385-9, p. 296); exch. for r. Doddington, Cambs., 7 Sept. 1398 (ibid., 1396-99, p. 375); priest, of dioc. Worc., long cause in apostolic palace against John Cheyn, Canon Sar., for possession of preb. Chardstock in Sar. cathedral; William was condemned in costs, and on refusal to pay incurred excommunication, suspension and interdict, 7 Jan. 1399 (C.P.L., 1396-1404, pp. 264-5); pres. by King to preb. Chardstock, Sar.,

32 Probably he was acting as warden in a vacancy of the wardenship; or the term custos may have been used in error for procurator or seneschallus.
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26 Apr. 1402 (C.P.R., 1401-5, p. 88); royal lic. to obtain or accept from pope vac. canonries, prebs., offices or dignities in Sar. cathedral, 12 May 1404 (ibid., p. 397); disp. to hold with r. Doddington one other incompatible benefice, 22 July 1404 (C.P.L., 1396-1404, p. 609); mandate to make provision to him, if found fit, of canonry Sar., and to reserve to him, according to his fitness in Latin, a preb. or elective dignity, not major, 27 July 1404 (ibid., p. 618); cause between him and George Louthrop about treasurership Sar. committed to papal auditor, 2 Nov. 1405 (ibid., 1404-15, p. 61); protection revoked because he delayed in city of Rome, 4 June 1407 (C.P.R., 1405-8, p. 334); commissions for his arrest for scheming in court of Rome to expel George Louthrop from treasurership Sar., 5 and 20 June 1408; (ibid., pp. 479-80); pardon of outlawry in Wilts. for not appearing before justices of Bench, he having surrendered to Marshalsea prison, and Louthrop being satisfied of his damages, 19 Nov. 1410 (ibid., 1408-13, pp. 263-4); excult. r. Doddington for preb. Shalford in Wells cathedral, 23 Aug. 1408 (Reg. Bubwith, Som. Rec. Soc., pp. 36-7); preb. Luddington in conventual church of Shaftesbury nunny, Dors., excult. preb. Shalford for v. St. Michael, Coventry, 30 July 1409 (ibid., p. 61). Recognizances for debts of 200 li. to Earl of Kent to be levied in Worcs., 2 June 1389 (C.C.R., 1385-9, p. 683); of another 200 li. to be levied in Wilts. and Hants. 31 Oct. 1390; deacons thereupon, on condition that he shall render account before Council of moneys received in Exchequer in 10 Ric. II (ibid., 1389-92, p. 291); of 40 li. to be levied of his lands, chattels and church goods in Cambs., 9 Nov. 1398 (ibid., 1396-99, p. 408); of 23 li. 13s. 4d., to be levied in Wilts. and Cambs., 3 July 1402 (ibid., 1399-1402, p. 575); pardon to, of outlawry for not appearing before justices to render debts of 10 li., 18 li. 10s., 40 marks, 20 marks, 20 li., 200 li., 10 marks, 50 marks, 12 li., 16s. 10d., and 220 marks, London, Worcs., Middx. and Oxf., 24 Nov. 1397 (C.P.R., 1396-99, p. 301); of Coventry, Warwicks., pardon to, for not appearing to answer to council of London for debt of 18 li., 29 May 1419 (ibid., 1416-22, p. 222).

Goderiche, Hugh, acol. of Sar. dioc., fellow of De Vaux, ord. subdeac. 19 Dec. 1439, deac. 20 Feb. 1440, to title of college (Reg. Aisccough, Sar., Ord., ff. 5b, 6b).


Golding (Goldynge) alias Conynge (Cunynge), John, of Sar. dioc., acol. and perpetual fellow of De Vaux, ord. subdeac. 22 Dec. 1537, deac. 16 Mar. 1538, priest, 20 Apr. 1538 to title of college (Reg. Shaxton, Sar., ff. 19a-20a); reward of 20s. at dissolution, but no pension, 2 Aug. 1542 (L. & P. Henry VIII, xvii, 327). A John Golding (Goldinus, Gelding, Goldynge), sup. that 3 years' study in faculty of arts at Oxf., with 2 long vacations, one responsion pro forma33 and responsion of a bachelor

33 Cum creatione unius generalis. The phase is explained in this sense by A. Clark, Reg. Univ. Oxon., O.H.S., ii, i, 22.
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HAKHED (HAKHED), HALKNIGHT (HALKNIGHT), THOMAS, fellow of De Vaux, pension of 2 li. 13s. 4d. p.a. and reward of 20s. at dissolution, 2 Aug. 1542 and 2 Feb. 1543 (L. & P. Hen. VIII, xvii, 327; xviii, i, 548; P.R.O., Augmentation Bk. 295, f. 105); pension still payable 24 Feb. 1556 (P.R.O., Cardinal Pole’s Cert. of Pensions, E. 164/31, f. xxviii).

HARDING (HARDING), M. WILLIAM, son of Nicholas Harding, citizen Sar. (Ceremonies and Processions Sar., ed. C. Wordsworth, p. 140 n); B.C.L., clk. of Sar. dioc., not married and not in holy orders, papal faculty for conferment of office of notary public on, after examination by Dean Sar., (C.P.L., 1417-37, p. 147); chapter clk. at Sar. cathedral, kept Harding Act. Bk., 1419-35 (D. & C. Sar., Reg. Harding, f. 1); scribe of papal subdelegates in business of canonization of St. Osmond, 7 Jan.-5 June 1424 (Canization of St. Osmond, pp. 19-21, 27-30, 84-5); notarial certificate of, in same business, 2 Aug. 1424 (ibid., p. 10); fellow and chapl. of De Vaux, present at induction of warden, 25 Oct. 1428 (Reg. Harding, ff. 94b-95a); acquired, with other scholars as co-fofees, land in East Harnham and Homington, 20 Apr. 1435, and in Britford and East Harnham, 20 June 1443 (Add. MS. 26870, ff. 94, 99a); fellow of De Vaux and chapter clk., present at capitular visitation of college, 11 Dec. 1454 (D. & C. Sar., Reg. Burgh, ff. 115-6); formerly clk. of cathedral fabric, his books of accounts to be examined, 20 Jan. 1455 (ibid., f. 119); late clk. of works of Sar. Cathedral, living at Beaulieu Abbey, Hants., where he had a chamber with a bay

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window; father of a bastard son, also called William Harding. M. William had sold property in Sar. to D. and C. Sar. for 100 marks, and by agreement had enfeoffed 5 co-feoffees with it to use of D. and C. He received 20 li. in part payment, but his son then declared that the D. and C., having possession, would not pay the rest. They afterwards paid; but while M. William was still in fear and doubt, his son persuaded him to draw up a deed which would force the D. and C. to pay or to lose the land. ‘Gruchynge in his conscience’, he refused to seal the deed, but his son took away the unsealed deed from his chamber at Beaulieu without his knowledge. Declaration of M. William that if any deed in his writing be found which destroyed the feoffment to the co-feoffees, it was forged. At his special instance he sued to have this enrolled in chancery, 3 Feb. 1467 (C.C.R., 1451-8, p. 403; Ceremonies and Processions Sar., pp. 140-2); died by 10 Feb. 1470 (D. & C. Sar., Reg. Machon, f. 35).

HARDING (HARDYNG), WILLIAM, son of M. William Harding, senior, bastard and scholar of De Vaux, appeared in person before cathedral chapter Sar. with letters of acquittance, acknowledging that the President and C. had given him 10 li. sterling in full payment of the 20 li. due for property bought from him; he took oath to hand over to President and C. all evidences concerning the property with which Thomas Harding, his uncle, William Harding, his father, and he, William the Bastard, had been enfeoffed, 10 Feb. 1470 (ibid.); for his earlier action after the sale of the property by his father to the D. and C., see above, s.v. Harding, M. William.

HARNHAM, JOHN, elk. of dioc. Sar., not married and not in holy orders, faculty to confer office of notary on, addressed to Bp. Sar., 4 Dec. 1421 (C.P.L., 1417-31, p. 215); fellow of De Vaux, ord. acol. and subdeac. 7 Mar. 1433; M. and fellow of De Vaux, ord. priest to title of college, 6 June 1433 (Reg. Neville, Sar., Ord., ff. 8b, 10b). Probably the same as M. John Harnham, Principal of Little St. Edmund Hall, Oxf., 1428 (Cart. Osney Abbey, O.H.S., iii, 227); and as M. John Harnham, B.C.L., r. St. Nicholas, Worcester, coll. 6 Aug. 1437, vac. by Aug. 1440 (T. R. Nash, Collections Hist. Worcs., 1782, ii, App. p. cxxxv); r. Hill Croome, Worcs., vac. by Aug. 1440; v. Henbury, Gloucs., coll. 26 Aug. 1440, vac. by July 1443 (Reg. Bourchier, Worcs., ff. 69, 93, 94b); and as M. John Harnham, B. Can. L., r. Wootton-under-Edge, Gloucs., until death in 1473 (Reg. Carpenter, Worcs., i, 101; ii, 38b); and as M. John Harnham, B. Can. L., B.C.L., commissary general of Bp. of Ely, app. 10 Mar. 1445 (Reg. Bourchier, Ely, f. 2): r. Leverington, Camb., coll. 5 July 1452 until death in 1473 (ibid., f. 31b; Reg. Wm. Gray, Ely, f. 87b); canon Sar. and preb. Ratfyn, 11 Jan. 1455 until death in 1473 (Reg. Beauchamp, Sar., i, 36, 176; Fasti Sar., p. 413); will dated at Lambeth, 23 July, proved 29 Jul. 1473, leaving gifts to his church of Leverington and wishing to be buried in chancel of Lambeth church, whose parish priest, William Barker, was supervisor of his will (P.C.C. 9 Wattys). J. and J. A. Venn, Alumni Cantabrigienses (C.U.P., 1922, i, ii, s.v. Harnham), claim, without giving evidence, that this John was B.C.L. of Cambridge Univ. Mr. A. B. Emden has pointed out that if their claim is based on John’s holding of an ecclesiastical office and benefice in co. Camb. and dioc. Ely, it may be discounted, as Bp. Bourchier, by whom he was collated, was an Oxford man. There would, however, be nothing incompatible in John being a graduate of both Oxford and Cambridge and a fellow of De Vaux.

HASARD (HASARDE, HASORD), WILLIAM, of De Vaux College, ord. acol. 22 Dec. 1474; fellow of De Vaux, ord. subdeac. 5 Mar. 1474, deac. 9 Apr. 1474, priest 4 June 1474, to title of college (Reg. Beauchamp, Sar., i, Ord., ff. 204a, 209a-10b).
HEMYNGBY (HEMMYNBY), M. JOHN, clk., acquired, with M. Stephen Avebury (q.v.) as co-feoffee, 2 tenements in Minster St., and in St. Ann St., Sar., 26 June 1342 (Add. MS. 28870, ff. 146b, 211a); clk. and scholar of De Vaux, witnessed leases of college property in Sar., 24 Aug. 1346 and 1 May 1347 (ibid., ff. 166b, 177a). Possibly the same as John Hanyngby, benefactor of De Vaux, distributions annually at college on his obit day, 1535 (Valor Eccl., ii, 90).


HOUCHEYS (HOWCHYNS, HOWCHONS, HUCHON, HUCHYNS), SIMON, of Sar. dioc., ord. acol. 27 Mar. 1343 (Reg. Neville, Sar., Ord., f. 11b); fellow of De Vaux, and (by 1446) B.C.L., ord. subdeac. 19 Dec. 1444, deac. 26 Feb. 1445, priest 12 Mar. 1446 to title of college (Reg. Aiscough, Sar., ff. 18b, 19b, 23b). App. chapter clk. at Sar. cathedral, 1 June 1440, and kept the Houchyns Act Bk, 1440-4 (D. & C. Sar., Reg. Houchyns, f. 3); at Rome with Andrew Holles, chancellor Sar., as proctor of D. and C., in business of canonization of St. Osmund; their audience with Pope described in letter from Holles dated at Florence, 31 Aug. 1442 (Reg. Houchyns, f. 125; Canonization of St. Osmund., pp. xvii-xviii); with co-feoffees, acquired land in Britford and East Harnham, 20 June 1443 (Add. MS. 28870, f. 99); chosen to arbitrate between D. and C. and St. Edmund’s College in dispute about parochial tithes in Sar. 1444 (Cart. St. Nicholas Hospital, Sar., ed. C. Wordsworth, 1902, pp. 212, 284, which gives 1400 in error for 1444; Reg. Houchyns, f. 53); arrived at Rome with M. Nicholas Upton, precentor, as proctor of Bp., D. and C. on business of canonization of St. Osmund, 27 June 1452 (Canonization of St. Osmund, pp. xvii, xxii, 94); app. sole proctor of D. and C. at Rome, 31 Jan. 1453 (ibid., pp. xxvi, 119-20); in agreeing to continue as proctor at Rome, he reminded the D. and C. that ‘y had an officz the which was worth to me yerly x li. and more, which avay le lese y
by my absence . . . and benefice have I none . . . ', 13 Apr. 1453 (ibid., pp. xxviii, 137); his further correspondence with Bp. and chapter is printed ibid., pp. xxii-ix, 94-143 passim; he finally left Rome after depositing his documents in Hospital of St. Thomas of Canterbury at Rome, 23 Apr. 1454 (ibid., pp. xxxix, 143). Canon Sar. and preb. Ruscombe, coll. 11 June, adm. 23 June 1454 until death 1468 (Reg. Beauchamp, Sar., 1, 138; D. & C. Sar., Reg. Burgh, f. 94; Fasti Sar., p. 415); letter (imperfect) from Bp. Beauchamp to D. and C. apparently recommending Simon for election as warden of De Vaux; reminding them of 'how good sirvyse he [Simon] hath done to you at ye courte of Rome, and that yt lykyd yow to rewarde hym with [the said] offfece . . . and y suppos he schall do yow both worship and profyte to the place . . .', 9 Dec. 1454 (Canonization of St. Osmund, pp. xxxii, 220); present as fellow of De Vaux at capitular visitation of College, 11 Dec. 1454 (D. & C. Sar., Reg. Burgh, ff. 115-6); r. Stour Provost, Dors., adm. 4 Mar. 1458 until death, 1468 (Reg. Beauchamp, Sar., 1, pt. 1, 61, 136b); official of Archd. Dors. in June 1464 (ibid., f. 193). He had the surviving cartulary of De Vaux College, now B.M., Add. MS. 28870, made at his expense (ff. 1, 216). This gives (f. 216) a list of his gifts to the college: the glazing of two windows in the chapel, xxxiii. rvd.; a slab of alabaster for the upper part of the altar, v marks; a painting of St. Nicholas xs.; a fireplace, two large windows, and three great beams in chamber anciently called the dormitory, x marks; a large cupboard to stand in the hall; the repair of the brewery with a room above, which was ruinous, xl. li.; a roof on part of the great barn, xxixvs. vmd.; a pond at the bottom of the garden, cs.; a frontal and contra frontal and 2 'curteyns de opere stainato' (i.e. ornamented with pictures or designs in colour) for chapel of St. Mary Walditch, xiii. mdd.; a small frontal of cloth of gold and 2 candlesticks of latyn; the whole with the cartulary amounting to lxi. li. ms. mmd.

Hungerford, William de,34 son and heir of Robert de Hungerford, annual rent of 2d., due from warden and scholars of De Vaux from land in Woolhampton, Berks., quitclaimed to him, 10 Nov. 1282 (Add. MS. 28870, f. 9a, cf. 3b); steward of De Vaux, sealed lease of college lands in Berks., 29 Sept. 1283 (ibid., f. 22a).

Hungerford, William de,34 clk., with William de Codford and Henry le Rayner (q.v.), acquired from John de Opere de Wotton property in Britford, c. 1293-4, which John de Opere granted to De Vaux in return for corrody, 25 May 1304; but Hungerford, Codford and Rayner held it until 1324-5, when, having obtained licences from King and lords of Britford, they alienated it in mortmain to the college (ibid., ff. 63-4, 66b-66b, 79-80, 84b, 86b; C.P.R., 1317-21, p. 491); with Walter de Andrevre, acquired tenement in Broun St., Sar., 1 Nov. 1311 (Add. MS. 28870, f. 179); scholar of De Vaux, witnessed leases of college property in Sar., 26 June 1343 (with William de Codford, scholar), and 24 June 1344 (ibid., ff. 187-8). A William de Hungerford, adm. r. tithes of Cowesfield, Wilts., 1314; adm. r. Biddesden and Ludgershall 1322, res. 1340 (Wilts. Inst., pp. 19, 36).

Hutchyns (Hochyns, Huchham, Huchin, Huchyn, Hutchone, Hychnyn, Wutchyne, Wychynson, Wyckyns, Wytchyns), Robert, fellow of De Vaux, salary of 2 li. p.a. as collector of rents of college within city Sar., 1535 (ValorEccl., ii, 90); pension of 3 li. 6s. 8d. p.a. and reward of 20s. at dissolution, 2 Aug. 1542 and

34 The following entries have been grouped to suggest that there were two William Hungerfords, since it seems unlikely, though not impossible, that the steward of 1282 was the same man as the scholar of 1343/4. The clerk who acquired property for the college c. 1294-1324 has been identified with the scholar of 1343/4 because his name both as co-feoffee and scholar appears with that of William Codford.
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5 Feb. 1543 (L. & P. Hen. VIII, xvii, 327; xviii, i, 568; P.R.O., Augmentation Bk. 235, f. 104b); pension still payable 24 Feb. 1556 (P.R.O., Cardinal Pole’s Cert. of Pensions, E./164/31, f. xxviii). Scholar of faculty of arts at Oxf., sup. that 3 years’ study with same number of long vacations, one response pro forma and 3 variations in the schools might suffice for his adm. to lecture on book of the faculty; granted, on condition that he det. in following Lent, 11 Oct. 1530; sup. that the 3 variations in his grace be deleted or changed to other particulars; granted, so long as he responded 4 times pro forma, July, 1532; adm. to lecture on book of faculty, 8 July 1532; B.A., sup. that he might be disp. to det. ad placitum,35 because he was so hindered by his office and by much other business that he could not otherwise det.; granted on condition that he celebrated 3 masses for good estate of the regent masters, 14 Jan. 1533; B.A., sup. that 2 responses pro forma in his grace be changed to 2 replications; granted Feb. 1533; det. April 1533 (O.U., Reg. H., ff. 239, 265, 270, 278, 281, 283); B.A., sup. that 2 years’ study with det. might suffice for grace to incept as M.A.; granted June 1534; adm. to lecture in faculty of arts, 25 June 1534; inc. 13 July 1534 (his is first name in arts list); M.A., sup. for 12 days in which he need not be bound to any scholastic exercise, because he had to be in London on business; granted so long as the reason is not fictitious, 14 Oct. 1534; sup. for disp. from necessary regency, because he was bound by oath to be at his college at Salisbury immediately after Christmas; granted, Dec. 1534 (ibid., ff. 303, 307b, 309, 316, 311b). A M. Robert Hutchyns, M.A., clk., coll. to canonry and preb. Henstridge in Wells cathedral, 25 May, 1554, deprived 17 Feb. 1559 (Reg. Bourne, Som. Rec. Soc., p. 122; Reg. Matt. Parker, C. & Y. Soc., i, 177); adm. r. free chapel Whitehall, Ilchester, pres. by Philip and Mary, 20 Apr. 1556 (C.P.R., 1555-7, pp. 110, 504; Reg. Bourne, p. 142).

John, chapl. of De Vaux, assessed at 2s. (i.e. the tax for benefices worth less than 10 li. p.a.) for poll tax of 1379 (P.R.O., E./179/52/14).

Kyngman (Kynegman, Kynkgman), William, of Sar. dioc., perpetual fellow of De Vaux, ord. subdeac. 23 Dec. 1514; B.A., ord. deac. 3 Mar. 1515, priest 24 Mar. 1515 to title of college (Reg. Audley, Sar., Ord., ff. 27a-28b). Scholar in faculty of arts at Oxf., sup. that 3 years’ study in faculty might suffice for his adm. to lecture on book of faculty; granted 13 Apr. 1513; adm. 4 July 1513; B.A., sup. that 4 years’ study with 2 long vacations might suffice for his adm. to inc. as M.A.; granted on condition that he responded twice pro forma after degree, that he lectured on the book De Motu Animalium and inc. before Michaelmas, 30 May 1519; lic. 6 July 1519; inc. 18 July 1519; sup. for disp. from necessary regency because he had a cure in the country; granted on condition that he said the psalter of Blessed Mary three times, the psalter of David once, and 3 masses for good estate of the regents, 29 Nov. 1520; M.A. and scholar in theology, sup. that 14 years’ study in logic, physics, and theology might suffice for him to lecture on book of the Sentences; granted Dec. 1534; disp. from every scholastic act, because he was an old man, and could not conveniently be present at scholastic acts, Dec. 1534 (O.U., Reg. G., ff. 172, 188; Reg. H., ff. 21, 23, 28, 48, 311b-312). Probably the same as ‘Kyngman’, steward and scholar of De Vaux, who appeared before cathedral chapter, 3 Mar. and 27 Apr. 1526, to receive orders that all the scholars except the two stewards and two chapl.

35 In Feb. 1533 all priests who were to det. at Oxf. that year supplicated that they might det. ad placitum because they were so involved in church services that they could not otherwise conveniently det. (O.U. Reg. H., f. 281).
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should leave the college at Sar. and go to Oxf. or another univ. (D. & C. Sar., Harvard's Memorials, ff. 97-8).

LATTON (LATON), WILLIAM DE, with co-feoffees, acquired land in Britford, 9 Mar. 1352 (Add. MS. 28870, f. 76b); scholar and steward of De Vaux, arranged lease of college property in Sar., 22 Dec. 1360 (ibid., ff. 175-6); formerly steward of De Vaux, 12 July 1362 (ibid., f. 190a); day assigned, at his request, for warden of De Vaux to do fealty and suit of court for tenements in Britford, n.d. (ibid., f. 83a).


MANTELL, WILLIAM, fellow of De Vaux, fee of 2 li. 13s. 4d. p.a. as collector of college rents outside city Sar., 1555 (Valor Eccl., ii, 90); pension of 2 li. p.a. and reward of 20s. at dissolution, 2 Aug. 1542 and 5 Feb. 1543 (L. & P. Hen. VIII, xvii, 327; xviii, 1, 548; P.R.O. Augmentation Bk. 235, ff. 104b-105a); pension still payable 24 Feb. 1556 (P.R.O., Cardinal Pole's Cert. of Pensions, E. 164/31, f. xxvii a); adm. r. St. Martin's, Sar., 1555, vac. by 1579 (Wilts. Inst., pp. 219-229). A William Mantell, scholar of faculty of arts at Oxf., sup. that 2 years' and one term's study, with one responsion pro forma and one responsion of a bachelor might suffice for his adm. to lecture on book of the faculty; granted on condition that he det. and responded at Austins within the year, 31 Oct. 1525; adm. 9 Nov. 1525; B.A., sup. that 3 years' study with det., one opposition and one responsion at Austins might suffice for his adm. to inc. as M.A.; granted on condition that he made 2 responsions pro forma and 4 replications at Austins without any disp., June 1533 (O.U. Reg. H., ff. 143b, 280b).


MERSHTON (MERSCHTON), M. RICHARD DE, with co-feoffees, granted seisin of
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MIKELTON, M. GILBERT, clk., with co-feoffees, acquired land in Britford, 17 Feb. 1336, and tenement in Minster St., Sar., 12 June 1336 (Add. MS. 8870, ff. 118, 204b); scholar of De Vaux, witnessed lease of college property in Sar., 6 June 1343 (ibid., f. 188a).

MORTIMER (MORTYMER), WILLIAM, B.A., acol., of Sar. dioec., perpetual fellow of De Vaux, ord. subdeac. 17 Dec. 1513, deac. 11 Mar. 1514, priest 1 Apr. 1514, to title of college (Reg. Audley, Sar., Ord., ff. 23b-25b). Scholar of faculty of arts at Oxf., sup. that 3 years' study in faculty with one responsion pro forma, 3 variations in parvisio, and one responsion of a bachelor might suffice for his adm. to lecture on book of faculty; granted on condition that he det. next Lent and made 2 responsions pro forma, 17 May 1511; adm. 30 June 1511; det. Lent 1512; B.A., sup. that 3 years' study with det., 2 disputations at Austins and 3 responsions to masters might suffice for his adm. to inc. as M.A.; granted on condition that he lectured on 3rd book of De Anima and proceeded before Christmas, 16 May 1514 (registered twice); inc. 3 July 1514 (O.U., Reg. G., ff. 120, 128, 142, 227a, 227b, 237b). M.A., sup. that 9 years' study in logic, philosophy and theology might suffice for his adm. to lecture on book of the Sentences; granted on condition that he preached a sermon in St. Mary's church, and celebrated or had celebrated a mass for good estate of the regents, 7 Nov. 1521; disp. to change opposition to a replication, 14 July 1522; disp. to wear biretta at responsion because of sickness in his head 15 Julier 1522; B.D. 17 July 1522; disp. to postpone sermon in St. Mary's in year after his degree until following year, because he had to attend Richard Maudley, Archd. Leicester, to convocation at London 19 Mar. 1523; disp. to enter on Sentences next year, notwithstanding that he should have entered this year, 10 July 1523; disp. to postpone sermon after graduation until next year, so long as he preached it before Easter, 10 July 1523; disp. to postpone 2 repetitions or oppositions in theology classrooms until next year, 10 July 1523; disp. on account of various business to postpone sermon, so long as he preached it before Whitsun if he conveniently could, 31 Jan. 1524; disp. to postpone sermon until some time after Michaelmas, because he had business with his master [Richard Maudley, B.D., Archd. Leicester, who received similar grace on same day] on a visitation; condition that he had a mass celebrated against the plague, and preached the sermon before Christmas, 9 May 1524; disp. to postpone entry to the Sentences until next year because of business with his master Archd. Maudley; condition that he entered on them before Easter, and celebrated or had celebrated a mass for good estate of the regents against the plague, 20 June 1524; disp. to postpone replication until next year because of business with his master; condition that he performed it before Easter, 27 June 1524; disp. to postpone sermon pro forma because of hindrances, on condition that he preached next Lent, 6 Feb. 1525; sup. that 16 years' study in logic, physics, and theology in Oxf. Univ. and outside it might suffice for his adm. to inc. as D.D.; granted, 16 Mar. 1528; sup. also that, should he inc. in this univ., he might be disp. from necessary regency, because he had to attend his master; granted on condition that he gave 3 ordinary lectures before he made use of
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this grace, 16 Mar. 1528; lic. 24 Feb. 1530; D.D. and necessary regent in theology, disp. from necessary regency, because he was chapl. to Bp. of Lincoln, to whose attendance and other business he was bound, 8 Apr. 1530 (ibid., Reg. H., ff. 72b, 92b, 102a, 112a, 117b, 124a, 126a, 132b, 209b, 228a, 228b); present at assembly of clergy in Parliament Chamber condemning heretical books (L. & P. Hen. VIII, iv, iii, 2873); elected Lady Margaret Reader in Theology, Oct. 1530; disp. to postpone sermon in St. Mary's until first preaching Sunday after Easter, Dec. 1530; disp. from preaching sermon that Sunday because of business of his master, the Archd. of Leicester; condition that he should preach it that year if possible, 28 Mar. 1531; disp. to postpone sermon, on condition that he gave it before feast St. Thomas, 28 Mar. 1531; disp. from sermon 29 Oct. 1531 (O.U., Reg. H., ff. 238a, 242b, 246a, 254b). 'Dr. Mortimer, late occupant of the Divinity Lectureship at Oxf. is called to the Queen's service', Letter to Cromwell, 26 Jan. 1534 (L. & P. Hen. VIII, vii, 38); among members of Queen Katherine of Aragon's household who agreed to swear oath to King and against Queen, c. Dec. 1533 (ibid., p. 51).


NEWMAN (NEWMAN), JOHN,36 of Sar. dioc., ord. acol. 17 Dec. 1474; B.C.L., fellow of De Vaux, ord. subdeac. to title of college, 18 Feb. 1475 (Reg. Beauchamp, Sar., ii, Ord., f. 33a); v. Milborne St. Andrew and Dewlish, pres. by warden of De Vaux, adm. 14 July 1477 (ibid., Inst., f. 11b). Probably the same as John Newman, scholar at Oxf. and co-executor with Principal of Beke's Inn, of Thomas Thorpe's will, dated Oxf. 27 Oct. 1464, and proved 6 Nov. 1464, before commissary general of Bp. Exeter and of Chancellor of Oxf. Univ.; John was left 6s. 8d. and a mattress in the will. Thomas Thorpe had connexions with Sar. dioc., since he left 6d. to Sar. Cathedral, and 4d. to church Collingbourne, Wilt. (Reg. Cancell. Oxon., O.H.S., ii, 145).


NEWMAN (NEUMAN), THOMAS, acol. of Sar. dioc., perpetual fellow of De Vaux, ord. subdeac. 27 Mar. 1512; B.A., ord. deac. 10 Apr. 1512, priest 5 June 1512, to title of college (Reg. Audley, Sar., Ord., ff. 18a-19b). Scholar of faculty of arts at Oxf., sup. that 4 years' study in faculty with one responsum pro forma might suffice for his adm. to lecture on book of faculty; granted on condition that he det. in Lent and made two responsums pro forma, 14 May 1511; adm. 30 June 1511; his name in list of those who det. in Lent 1512; B.A., sup. that requirement in his grace that he should det. this Lent be changed to next Lent; granted 4 Mar. 1512; sup. that requirement in his grace that he should det. be deleted; granted 13 Apr. 1513 (O.U. Reg. G., ff. 119, 128a, 142a, 142b, 171b). Identified by Foster, Alumni Oxon., iii, 1663, with Thomas Newman, adm. r. Stifford, Essex, 4 Sept. 1518 until death in 1541; adm. v. Wakering Parva, Essex, 30 May 1522 until death in 1541 (R. Newcourt Repertorium Eccl. Paroch. Lond., 1710, ii, 561, 620), who was probably the same as Thomas Newman, clk. of chancery, pres. by king to r. Borley, Essex, 10 Oct. 1516, res. 3 Oct. 1519 (L. & P. Hen. VIII, ii, i, 760; iii, i, 171); commission to hear

36 Possibly these were the same man, and either the first or second ord. as subdeac. may have been entered in the Bp's. register in error.
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and det. causes moved before king in chancery, 11 June 1529; receiver of petitions from Gascony in parliament, 3 Nov. 1529; master of chancery, present at delivery of great seal to king at Whitehall, 6 Sept. 1532 (ibid., iv, iii, 2689, 6043; v, 564).

OKEDON, JOHN, scholar of De Vaux, with 4 other scholars as co-feoffees, acquired land in Britford, 28 June 1580 (Add. MS. 28870, ff. 76b-77a).


PETIPACE (PETIPACE, PETIPACE), HENRY, of Sar, dio., perpetual fellow of De Vaux, ord. subdeac. 2 Mar. 1403, dec. 23 Mar. 1493, priest 6 Apr. 1493 to title of college (Reg. Langton, Sar., Ord., ff. 11b, 12a); B.C.L., chapl. of Swayne's chantry in St. Thomas's church, Sar., adm. 1504, until death in 1512 (Reg. Audley, Sar., f. 15a; Wills. Inst., pp. 182, 190).


PUNFOLD (PINFOLD, PINFOLDE, POUNFOLD, PUNFOLDE, PUNFELDE), RICHARD, B.A., acol. of Sar, dio., perpetual fellow of De Vaux, ord. subdeac. 27 Mar. 1512, dec. 10 Apr. 1512, to title of college (Reg. Audley, Sar., Ord., ff. 18a-19a); B.A., sup. that 33 years' study in faculty of arts at Oxf. with 2 long vacations, det., and attendance at ordinary lectures might suffice for his adm. to inc. as M.A.; granted on condition that he proceeded before feast of Annunciation B.V.M., and opposed or responded at Austins before degree, 23 Oct. 1513; sup. that 4 years' study with det. might suffice for his adm. to inc. as M.A.; granted 20 May 1514; lic. 15 June 1514; inc. 3 July 1514 (O.U. Reg. G., ff. 193a, 225a, 221, 237).

RAYNER (RAYNVR, REYNER), HENRY LE, clk., coll. to scholar's place at De Vaux, 23 July 1296 (Chart. Sar., p. 368). With William de Codford and William de Hungerford (q.v.), acquired from John de Opere de Wotton property in Britford,
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c. 1293-4, which John de Opere granted to De Vaux college in return for corrody, 25 May 1304; but Rayner, Codford and Hungerford held it until 1324-5, when, with licences from King and lords of Britford, they alienated it in mortmain to the college (Add. MS. 28870, ff. 69-4, 66-8, 79-80, 84b, 88b; C.P.R., 1317-21, p. 491).

Remmesbury, William de, chapl. of De Vaux, witnessed lease of college property at Sar., 26 June 1343 (Add. MS. 28870, f. 188a).

Riley (Rile, Rilegh), Thomas, fellow of De Vaux, ord. acol. and subdeac. 1 Apr. 1419, deac. 2 Mar. 1420, to title of college (Reg. Chaundler, Sar., Ord., ff. 32b-33a, 35b).

Roche, Thomas, acol. of Sar. dioc., perpetual fellow of De Vaux, ord. subdeac. 15 March 1511, deac. 5 Apr. 1511, priest 7 June 1511, to title of college (Reg. Audley Sar., Ord., ff. 16a-17b). Thomas Roche, secular chapl. and scholar of faculty of arts at Oxf., sup. that 24 years' study in the faculty might suffice for his adm. to lecture on book of faculty; granted on condition that he det. next Lent, and made 2 responses pro forma, 8 Apr. 1511; adm. 15 Dec. 1511; B.A., disp. from det. this Lent because he was not present, owing to failure of his exhibition; condition that he det. next Lent and disputed at Aunins once during the year, 11 Mar. 1512 (O.U., Reg. G., ff. 116, 134b, 143).

Sevensash (Sevensash, Sevenassch), M. John de, clk., with M. Thomas de Heytesbury (q.v.), as co-feoffee, acquired tenement in Minster St., Sar., 19 Aug. 1333 (Add. MS. 28870, f. 210b); with co-feoffees, acquired land in Britford, 27 Feb. 1336 (ibid., f. 76); clk. and scholar of De Vaux, arranged lease of college property in Sar., 24 Aug. 1346 (ibid., f. 166). A M. John de Sevenash, M.A., was fellow of Exeter College, Oxf., Devon foundation, in 1324; rector, 1325-6; name occurred in winter 1329 (Reg. Coll. Exon., O.H.S., p. 2); Magister Scholarum Civitatis Exon., 5 Dec. 1329; had been tonsured at Totnes, Devon, 6 Mar. 1311, and was witness to a deed, 9 July 1319 (ibid.).


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STALLINGTON (STALINGTON, STALYNGTON), JOHN DE, fellow of De Vaux, to be present at inquest about tithes of Chitterne in church of All Saints, Chitterne, 2 Mar. 1377 (Add. MS. 28870, f. 55a); with 4 other scholars of De Vaux as co-feoffees, acquired from John Corfe, formerly scholar, land in Britford, 28 June 1390 (ibid., ff. 76b-77a); with co-feoffees, acquired tenements in New St. and St. Ann St., Sar., 6 Mar. 1392, which, with lic. from King and Bp., he granted in mortmain to warden and scholars of De Vaux 18 Sept. 1392 (ibid., ff. 148b-150b; cf. C.P.R., 1391-6, pp. 50-1). Probably the chapter clk. who kept act book of the D. & C., called the 'Stalyngton Register, 1358-85, now lost (D. & C. Sar., MS. Catalogue of Monuments). Office of notary conferred on John de Stalyngton, of dioec. Sar., to be examined by Bp. Sar., 23 July 1354 (C.P.L., 1442-62, p. 525).


[STOWE, JOHN, chapl., acquired tenement in South St., Bridport, 5 Nov. 1348, which he leased 30 Sept. 1358, and, as chapl. of scholars of De Vaux College38 quit-

37 This was evidently a different man from the M. William Sherborne who witnessed a charter of Bp. Bridport to the warden and scholars of De Vaux, c. 1262 (Add. MS. 28870, f. 42a), and who was sub-dean of Sar. and canon and preb. Bishopston, c. 1275-84 (Fasti Sar., pp. 363, 439).

38 Possibly he was the chantry priest at Bridport, serving Bp. Bridport's chantry there, for which the scholars were responsible.

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Sypherwest (Sypherwast, Syphirwest), John, clk. of Sar. dioc., faculty to Bp. Sar. to confer office of notary public on, after examination (C.P.L., 1431-47, p. 322); with 4 co-feoffees, 2 of them certainly scholars of De Vaux, acquired from Nicholas Edward (q.v.) property in Britford and East Harnham, 20 June 1443 (Add. MS. 28870, f. 99a); fellow and scholar of De Vaux, named in visitation return from college, 10 Dec. 1454, but not present at visitation two days later (D. & C. Sar., Reg. Burgh, f. 116).


Tichemersh (Tichemersh, Tyc hemersh), M. John de, acquired tenements in Minster St. and St. Ann St. Sar., 22 Mar. and 31 May 1335 and 29 Aug. 1341, which he granted to 2 scholars of De Vaux, 26 June 1342. He was himself described as scholar of De Vaux in deed of 6 Oct. 1340, and as r. of Fiskerton, Linc. dioc., 19 Aug. 1346, when he again granted the Minster St. tenement to 2 other scholars of De Vaux, who were to pay rent for it to warden of De Vaux (Add. MS. 28870, ff. 146b-47a, 164b-66b, 210-11). Benefactor of De Vaux, 10s. distributed annually at college on his obit day, 1535 (Valor Eccl., ii, 90). Probably the same as M. John de Tichemersh, of Linc. dioc., M.A., Dr. of Medicine, included in roll of Oxf. Univ. for papal graces, and granted reservation of benefice in gift of Peterborough Abbey, 12 Apr. 1335 (C.P.L., 1305-42, p. 517). He may have owed his fellowship at De Vaux to M. Gilbert Lovel, warden of De Vaux, 1311-33, who came from Titchmarsh in Northamptonshire (Reg. Sutton, Linc. Rec. Soc., ii, 67).


Trewens. See Pruens.


39 The entries in the MS. registers of the Univ. have been examined, but throw no light on which, if any, of these scholars was the fellow of De Vaux.

40 Jones, Fasti Sar., pp. 403, 379, suggests that this John Thomson may be the same as the John Thompson who was presented to preb. Durnford in Sar. cathedral, 29 Mar. 1565, died 1571. The prebendary of Durnford is, however, identified by Venm, Alumni Cantab., i, iv, s.e. Thompson, with John Thompson, born at Pocklington, Yorks, who graduated at Cambridge as B.A., 1538-9, M.A., 1541, B.D., 1551, and who was fellow of St. John's College, Cambridge in 1540.


WILTON (WYLTON), M. JOHN, clk. of De Vaux, witnessed lease of college property in Sar., 24 Aug. 1346 (Add. MS. 28870, f. 166b); advocate in Bp. Sar’s audience, provided to canonry and prep. St. Laurence, Stratford, in Sar. Cathedral, and to church St. Thomas Martyr, Sar., notwithstanding that he was a scholar in House of Vaux, 30 Dec. 1349 (C.P.L., 1342-62, p. 361; C.P.P., 1342-1419, pp. 205-6); adm. to prep. Stratford, 7 Mar. 1351 (Reg. Corrfe, f. 66); petition to Pope for exch. of his benefices for 28s 7d., Wilts., 6 (Reg. Beauchamp, f. 166); canonry in scholars preb. C.P.II., (ibid., p. 466); canon Sar., protection with clause nolumus at Odiham, Rotherwick, Weston and Liss, Hants, i.e., lands belonging to chancellorship Sar., 10 June 1355 (ibid., p. 248); chancellorship Sar., 12 June 1358 (C.C.R., 1354-60, p. 508); exec. of works in King’s manor and park of Clarendon, Wilts., 14 Mar. 1362 (C.P.R., 1361-4, p. 177, cf. 183); exch. r. St. Thomas, Sar., for r. Fugglestone, Wilts., 11 Feb. 1364 (Reg. Wyvile, Sar., ii, ff. 304b); prep. Stratford, Sar., and r. Fugglestone, 28 Sept. 1366 (Cert. of Pluralists in Reg. Langham, C. & Y. Soc., i, 19); r. Bemerton, Wilts., lic. to cross from Dover to Gascony with 2 yeomen, 4 hackneys, 20s. for expenses, and letter of exchange of Silvester Nicholas of Lombardy for 40 li., 17 Mar. 1368 (C.P.R., 1367-70, p. 131); account of clks of works of King’s park of Clarendon to be audited at Exchequer, notwithstanding his absence overseas, 8 June 1369 (C.C.R., 1369-74, p. 39); exch. prep. Stratford at Sar. for r. Stratfield Saye, Hants., 12 July 1380 (Reg. Wykeham, Hants. Rec. Soc., i, 107); exch. for r. Stanford Rivers, Essex, 30 July 1380 (ibid.; C.P.R., 1377-81, p. 534).

WRAYBROKE. See BRAYBROKE.


WyMBALD, M. NICHOLAS, scholar’s place in De Vaux College vac. by his death, 4 Aug. 1421 (D. & C. Sar., Reg. Harding, f. 21b). Probably the same as Nicholas Wybold, Principal of Boster Hall, Oxon., 1395, 1396 or 1397 (Cart. Hospital St. John Baptist, O.H.S., iii, 253).

WyTTENHAM, RICHARD, priest celebrating in De Vaux College, assessed at 40d. for poll tax of 1381 (P.R.O., E. 179/277/8). Probably the same as Richard, chapl. of De Vaux College, assessed at 2s. for poll tax of 1379 (ibid., E. 179/52/14).

YATE, WILLIAM, of Sar. dioce., acol., ord. subdeac. 28 Mar. 1472, deac. 19 Sept. 1472, priest 18 Dec. 1472, to title of De Vaux (Reg. Beauchamp, Sar., i, Ord., ff. 205a-206b). Probably the same as M. Yate, fellow of De Vaux, app. executor of
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will of M. William Elyot, provost of St. Edmund’s College, Sar., 25 Oct. 1500. He died before the will was proved 19 Mar. 1506. (P.C.C., 21 Adeane).

Corrodarians

Moton (Motoun), Roger, citizen Sar., and Christine of London, his wife, granted right by warden and scholars of receiving their food in De Vaux College for rest of their lives, and of having the same privileges of coming and going from the close as the scholars. Christine might have a chamber built for her at her husband’s expense in the college grounds, and, after Roger’s death, was to receive one mark a year. The scholars promised to celebrate the anniversary of their obit days for ever, 14 Apr. 1317 (Add. MS. 28870, ff. 157b-158b; Cart. St. Nicholas Hospital, Sar., ed. C. Wordsworth, p. 287); 3s. 8d. distributed annually at College on Roger’s obit day, 1535 (Valor Eccl., ii, 90). In return Roger and Christine gave to M. Gilbert Lovel, Canon Sar. (then warden of De Vaux) tenements and rent in Minster St. and Winchester St., Sar., 12 Oct. 1317 (Add. MS. 28870, f. 157); these were granted by M. Gilbert Lovel to warden and scholars of De Vaux, 20 Mar. 1325, after he had obtained lic. from King and Bp. Sar. to alienate them in mortmain, 7 Jan. 1323 and 9 July 1324 (ibid., ff. 158b-161; Reg. Mortival, Sar., ii, 149a; C.P.R., 1324-7, p. 3).

Wootton, John de, dictus Atte Werk or de Opre, citizen Sar., granted to William de Hungefford, Henry le Rayner and William de Codford (q.v.) all his property in Britford, 1293-4; on 25 May 1304 he granted the same property to De Vaux College in return for having status of a fellow in the college for rest of his life; but the property continued to be held by Hungerford, Rayner and Codford until 1324-5, by which time licences to alienate it in mortmain to the college had been obtained from the King and lords of Britford (Add. MS. 28870, ff. 62-4, 66-8, 79-80, 84, 87-88; C.P.R., 1317-21, p. 491).